Dawood Public School
Course Outline 2016-17
Class VI
Islamiyat

Text Books:

Syllabus Content:

- Benefits of Tasmia.
- Friday prayers.
- What is faith?
- Malice and Jealousy
- The Rights of fellow beings.
- Behaviour with special people.
- Prophet Hazrat Dawood (A.S)
- Mothers of believers.
- The revered companions.
- Patience
- Letters inviting sovereigns to accept Islam.

Month wise breakup of topics

August

Benefits of Tasmia.
- Meaning of Tawaiz (Auzo-Billahi-Minash-Shaitanir-rajim) and Tasmia (Bismillahir-Rahmanirrahim).
- Its importance
  Three attributes of Allah are reflected in the Tasmia (Allah, Rahman and Rahim)
  The Surah Namal is the only Surah in which the tasmia is included twice.
  All the Ahadith in this topic related to Tasmia should be memorized.
- Friday prayer.
  The Obligation of Friday Prayer.
  Friday Prayer replaces the Zohar Prayer.
  Fourteen Rakat are performed (4 Sunnah, 2 Farz (in congregation) 4 Sunnah, 2 Sunnah, 2 Nafil.
- Excellence and Superiority of Friday Prayers
  Hazrat Adam was created; he was admitted in Heaven, was sent to the earth and the Day of Resurrection will also fall on Friday
- Persons exempt from performing Friday prayer.
  A sick, an attendant, a slave or a prisoner, a women, a child, a traveler, an insane and a limp.
- Preparation for performing Friday Prayer.
  Taking bath, oils and applying perfume, listen silently and attentively to the Imam’s sermon.
- Blessings of entering the Masjid early.
  The angels stand at the doors of the Mosque on Friday and note the names of those who enter early and late.
- It is forbidden to speak during sermon (Khtuba).
  While the khtuba is being read, it is forbidden to eat, drink, greet any one or even return a greeting.
  It is prohibited to even motivate anyone to do good.
- Special wazifa for Friday
  Reciting Durood Sharif is the Wazifa for Friday.
- Hadith of the Holy Prophet (PBUH) regarding the etiquettes followed during Friday sermon.
- Hadith regarding sending Durood on the Holy Prophet (PBUH) should be memorized.
Sample Questions for practice.

- Describe the importance and benefits of Friday prayer?
- Write the method of performing Friday prayer.
- What are the special rewards promised by Allah for offering Friday prayer?
- Differentiate between daily prayers and Friday.
- What are the blessings of sending Durood on Prophet (PBUH) on Friday?

September

What is Faith? (Iman)

Faith is (belief in angels, prophets, revealed books, destiny, Day of Judgment and in the hereafter).

- Belief in Allah
  Belief in His oneness, His authority as a Creator, Master, Sustainer.

- Belief in Angels
  Angels are the unseen creation of Allah who always obey His commands. They are heavenly beings cannot do anything of their own free will.

- Belief in Books
  To believe in the existence of all the previous books and follow the teachings of only the last book that is Quran which is final and perfect.
  To learn the names of four divine Books with the names of the Prophet on whom they were revealed.

- Belief in Prophets
  To believe in all the Prophets since Hazrat Adam (AS) till the last Prophet Hazrat Muhammad (PBUH). They were nearly 1,24,000 in number.

- Belief in Destiny
  Allah has written the destiny of each and every person in the “lohe- Mahfouz” (a divine secure plank on which the Holy Quran is recorded; also the doings of all human beings since the beginning of time till eternity).

- Belief in the hereafter
  Every human being will receive the reward or punishment of all good or bad deeds he performed in this world in the life after death.
  This is called the day of resurrection or “Reckoning” it is obligatory to have faith in the day of final “Reckoning”.

- Belief in the life after death.
  The life which starts after death will be eternal and never ending.
  This world and this life are temporary.
  Because of this belief a person avoids committing sins and tries to perform virtuous deeds.

Sample Questions for practice:

- Define the real meaning of Iman-e-Mufassil in the Islamic terminology.
- Differentiate between Tauhid and Shirk with Quranic and Hadith references.
- Highlight the attributes of Allah as the Creator, Provider, Sole Authority, an Active Force in nature and Best Judge of motives and action.
- Learn the names of prominent angels with the task given to them by Allah.
- How will you prove Tauhid (oneness) of Allah?
- Prepare a note on “Destiny.
- What are the special qualities and powers given to Angels?
- What are the names and duties of the five prominent Angels?
- Compare and contrast Muslim’s belief about the line of Prophets with other religions in brief?
- Highlight Prophet’s (PBUH) attributes and universal teachings as the seal of the Prophets.
• Learn all the names of the Prophets mentioned in the Quran.
• Describe the effect of this belief on a person’s life.
• Why were the previous revealed books not preserved?
• Identify the significance of the Holy Quran amongst the other revealed books.

Malice and jealousy:

• Jealousy is the negative emotion in Arabic the one who is jealous is called hasid and the person envied is called mehsud.
  Hasid causes material, mental or bodily harm to persons without realizing how great sin he is committing.
  Envy endangers the religion and faith.
  Detesting a fellow human being for no reason and bearing enmity in behavior is not appropriate for a true muslim.
  Hadiths topic about malice and jealousy.
  People should avoid malice and jealousy to save their faith.

Sample Questions for practice:

• Compare and contrast the moral and ethical values and evils?.
• How can you analyze the effects of these values and evils e.g. patience or impatience, kindness or cruelty, love or hatred etc on a person’s life in the light of Quran and Sunnah?
• How can we get away from these evils or how can we overcome them in our society?
• Describe the moral values of Islam as guideline for us to follow.

October

Rights of fellow beings:

To fulfill the rights of human being is called “Huquq-al-Ibad”

• Rights of parents.
  According to Holy Quran and Hadiths it is obligatory to look after parents.
  It is the duty of children to be grateful to their parents, to respect and obey them.
  “If due to ill-health or old age they become cranky say not to them even (Ugh) speak to them a generous word”.
• Rights of Children:
  It is the duty of parents to bring up their children in the best manner, guide them and give them good education.
  Perform the Aqiqa ceremony and give them good Islamic names.
  Never discriminate among children, Islam declared daughters to be a blessing of Allah.
• Rights of needy:
  A needy is not one who begs, but one who does not show his grief, pain or sorrow to anyone.
  There is a lot of reward on spending money on them.
• Hadith related to the rights of fellow beings.

Behaviour with special people:

A society is made up of different people. Among them some are rich, poor, healthy, sick and disabled.
  Special people deserve special attention and courtesy, help and sympathy from us.
  Prophet (PBUH) was gentle and polite with all kinds of people rich, poor, sensible, senseless or handicapped.
  Hadith of the Holy Prophet (PBUH) related to good intentions and good wishes to all.
Sample Questions for practice:

- Define the terms rights of Allah, rights of fellow beings.
- Highlight the position and respect for parents as mentioned in the Holy Quran and Sunna.

November
Revision

December
Mid-year Examinations

January

Prophet Hazrat Dawood (AS)

Hazrat Dawood an offspring of Hazrat Yaqoob (AS), was the youngest of the eight brothers and use to graze cattle. He was so brave that he could kill a lion with his bare hands. He was expert in using slingshot (ancient weapon) and the object of his aim would be smashed into pieces.

- Jaalut and Hazrat Dawood (AS)
  Jaalut was the commander in chief of the non believers and was a skilled warrior. Hazrat Taloot was given the leadership by Allah so he was the commander of the believers. Jaloot challenged to fight.
  Hazrat Dawood’s elder brother was a soldier in Hazrat Taloot’s army. Hazrat Dawood took permission to respond to the challenge he put a stone in to the catapult and threw it towards Jaalut. It pierced his temple and broke the bone. He fell down on the ground and then after the death of Jaloot Hazrat Dawood married Hazrat Taloot’s daughter Meekal and Allah gifted him with Prophethood and he received the Divine book “Zaboor”. He was gifted with kingship also.

- Knowledge and Wisdom
  Due to the wisdom of Hazrat Dawood Bani Israel soon came to be known as a civilized nation of the world.

- Iron used to turn to wax
  The miracle given to Hazrat Dawood was that iron turned as soft as wax in his hands and he used to mould it into armour and sell it for his personal expenses.

- Death
  Hazrat Dawood handed over his crown, his kingdom and his administration of government to his son Hazrat Sulaiman. He himself passed away at the age of hundred years. Hazrat Sulaiman performed the funeral rights.

- The Mothers of believers :
  - (Hazrat Khadija (RA) and Hazrat Sawdah (RA).
    Hazrat Khadija was the first wife of the Holy Prophet (PBUH).Her title was Tahira (pure).Her mother’s name was Fatima and father’s name was Khawelad, he was a noble business man.
    - Hazrat Khadija (RA) used to finance traders and shared 50% of the profit with them. She requested Holy Prophet (PBUH) to take her goods to Syria. She sent her slave Maisara along with him. The profit doubled and Maisra described Holy Prophet’s (PBUH) excellent qualities too. Hazrat Khadija (RA) sent the proposal of marriage to Holy Prophet (PBUH) through her friend Hazrat Nafisa and Hazrata Abu Talib accepted the proposal on behalf of Holy Prophet (PBUH) happily. It was an extremely successful marriage.
    - A comforting wife.
      She always stood by her husband and took care of him. In order to spread Islam she gave all her wealth. She comforted him at the time of first revelation.
    - Death.
      Hazrat Khadija (RA) died after the three years of the boycott period, in the tenth year of Prophethood, 10th Ramadan at the age of 65.
Sawdah (RA)
- She was the second wife of Holy Prophet’s (PBUH)
- She passed away in 22 hijri and was buried in Jannatul Baqi.

Hadith of the Holy Prophet (PBUH) regarding Modesty:
Sample Questions for practice
- Enlist in the form of a flow chart the miracles bestowed on Hazrat Dawood (AS) by God and the services he performed for the cause of Islam.
- Describe how Allah conferred Prophethood on Hazrat Dawood (AS).
- Write down the meaning of modesty, its impact on us and its implementation in our daily lives.

February
Revered Companions (Hazrat Abu Bakar (R.A) and Hazrat Umer (R.A)
Sample Questions for practice
- Introduction of Khulfa-e-Rashideen, their greatness and events of their lives.
- The main characteristic and events in the life of these two personalities before Islam and after Islam.
- Detailed description about the contribution and services during their period as caliphs.
- Comparison of their achievements.
- Time line of the two caliphs Hazrat Abu Bakar (R.A) and Hazrat Umer (R.A)

March
Patience
Hadith of the Holy Prophet (PBUH) regarding reward for those who control their anger.
Letters inviting sovereigns to accept Islam
Sample Questions for practice
- Patience is the basic feature of Islam. What is the impact of patience on our lives?
- How did the Holy Prophet send the message of Islam to different rulers and what was their response?

April
Revision

May
Final Examination