# Dawood Public School
## Course Outline 2016-17
### Islamiyat
#### Class III

**Text Book:** Islamiyat for Grade III
Written by Neelma Kanwal; Bookmark Publishing

### Yearly Syllabus

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Month wise breakup of topics:

AUGUST

Cleanliness Unit 1 (3) Pages: 18-19

- Allah Almighty has commanded us to maintain cleanliness in everything, in every way.
- Cleanliness is an essential part of Islam.
- Children who keep themselves and their clothes clean and tidy please Allah Almighty and are loved by people.
- Instead of throwing rubbish everywhere put it in the dustbin.
- Keep the environment neat and clean.
- Clean environment will prevent us from diseases and keep us healthy.

Allah says:
- “Allah Almighty loves those who turn to Him constantly and He loves those who keep themselves pure and clean.”

Sample questions:
1. What happens when rubbish is thrown out on the streets?
2. How can ablution help children to be neat and clean?
3. What must we do to keep everything clean?

Activity:
- Students will be asked to clean their classroom and tidy it up with the help of their teacher.

September

Hospitality Unit 2 (2) Pages: 20-21

- Islam commands us to behave in a well-mannered way with our guests.
- When guests arrive welcome them happily, sincerely and warmly.
- Ask about them and their family’s welfare.
- Do not ever get busy with your own work in their presence.
- If they are staying at your home for a long time do not trouble them with your personal problems.

Hadith:
- “One who has faith in Allah Almighty should welcome guests”.

Sample questions:
1. How does Islam command us to behave with guests?
2. Write briefly about how to treat guests.

Activity:
- Students will prepare a skit; some students will play the role of guests and others the role of hosts.

Azan Unit 1 (3) Pages: 12-14

Meaning of Azan.
- Giving the news

Who calls the Azan?
- Muezzin

Name of the first Muezzin:
- Hazrat Bilal (R.A)
Etiquette for Azan:
- When the Azan starts, stop whatever work you are doing.
- Listen to the Azan attentively.
- At the end of the Azan recite the supplication of Azan.

Sample questions:
1. What is the meaning of Azan?
2. When did the tradition of Azan start?
3. Who called the first Azan?

Activity:
- Students will be asked to recite the Azan one by one in class.

October

The beautiful names of Allah Almighty: Unit 1(1) Pages: 7-8
- Allah has a total of ninety nine names.
- Allah is the master of numerous qualities and characteristics.
- Allah has a different name to express every unique quality.
- Allah is the Provider and Sustainer of the whole Universe.
- Allah is the most Gracious and Merciful.

Hadith:
- “A person who memorizes the 99 names of Allah will go to Heaven”.

Allah Almighty said in Quran
- “The most beautiful names belong to Allah, so call on Him by them”.

Sample questions:
1. Why do we have descriptive names for Allah and how many are they?
2. What are the descriptive names of Allah called?

Activity:
- Students will be asked to find 5 descriptive names of Allah with their meanings.

The character of our Prophet Muhammad (P.B.U.H) (Handout)

Honest and truthful:
- Prophet Muhammad (P.B.U.H) was very honest and truthful person.
- People of Makkah called him ‘Al Sadiq’ which means a truthful person.

Reliable and trustworthy
- Prophet Muhammad (P.B.U.H) was very reliable and trustworthy.
- In a place where people were so greedy and untrustworthy, he was famous for his trustworthiness.
- People keep their valuables to Prophet Muhammad (P.B.U.H) because they knew they were safe with him.
- People called him ‘Al-Amin’ which means trustworthy.

Business
- Prophet Muhammad (P.B.U.H) chose business as his profession, which in those days was common among Arabs.
- Prophet Muhammad (P.B.U.H) went for his first business trip to Syria with his uncle Abu Talib.
- He (P.B.U.H) was completely honest and fair in business dealings. He never took excessive profit.
- He was always polite and well-spoken which made him a very successful.

Dealings with others
Prophet Muhammad (P.B.U.H) was gentle in his manners, soft spoken and kind-hearted.

He was good to his family, relatives and friends.

He was helpful to his neighbours, travelers and strangers.

He was fair in his dealings even with his enemies.

He was most forgiving and merciful.

As Muslims we must love and respect our dear Prophet Muhammad (P.B.U.H) and try to follow his teachings.

Sample questions:
1. Why is Prophet Muhammad (P.B.U.H) called Al-Sadiq and Al-Amin?
2. Why did his enemies trust Prophet Muhammad (P.B.U.H) with their valuables?
3. Why did people like to trade with Prophet Muhammad (P.B.U.H)?

November

Revision for Mid-Year Examination

December

Mid-Year Examination

January

How to use other people’s things: Unit 2 (3) Pages: 22-23

- If you need something from your friends or someone else, you must never take it without permission because it would be ‘stealing’.
- If you need something and someone has it take permission from that person to use it.
- Return it when your work is done.
- Say Jazak Allah on returning it.

Sample questions:
1. What is borrowing without permission called?
2. If we wish to use other people’s things what should we do?

Helping others Unit 2 (4) Pages: 24-25

- If somebody is doing something and you join him to complete the job that is called ‘helping’.
- Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) helped his companions during the Battle of Trench.
- He also used to help his neighbors by taking their goats to graze in fields.
- Hazrat Abu Bakr (R.A) used to fetch water for those women who had no one at home to help them.
- Hazrat Umar (R.A) carried a bag of flour on his back for a very poor family to their home.
- Helping friends in their studies, guiding younger brothers and sisters in their homework, helping mother in the house and carrying groceries from the market for your father all this is help.

Sample questions:
1. What did the Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) do during the battle of Trench?
2. How can children help others?
3. In what ways did Hazrat Abu Bakr (R.A) and Hazrat Umar (R.A) help people?

Activity:
- Students will be asked to write three tasks in which they can help people.

February
Revered companions Unit 4 (3) Pages: 39-40

- Good friends of Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) are called ‘Companions’ (Sahaba e Karam)
- Sahaba is the plural of Sahabi, it refers to those people who saw and knew Hazrat Muhammad (PBUH) as a Prophet, accepted him and died as Muslims.
- All companions loved the Prophet (PBUH) deeply and used to follow his teachings faithfully, so that they could please him.

Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) said:
- “My companions are like the stars in the sky”.

“May Allah be pleased with them”
- (R.A) is written and spoken after their names.

Names of Companions:
- Hazrat Abu Bakr (R.A)
- Hazrat Umar (R.A)
- Hazrat Haris (R.A)
- Hazrat Usman (R.A)
- Hazrat Zaid (R.A)

Sample questions:
1. What are the friends of the Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) called?
2. What did the Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) say about his friends?
3. Explain the meaning of the word Sahaba?

Activity:
- Students will be asked to write the names of six companions of Prophet Muhammad (PBUH).

The great man in history (Hazrat Abu Bakr R.A) (Handout)
- Hazrat Abu Bakr (R.A) was the first caliph of the Muslims.
- His real name was Abdullah, his kuniyat was Abu Bakr and his title was Siddique.
- He was two years younger than the Holy Prophet (PBUH).
- His aim in life was to love and obey the Prophet Muhammad (PBUH).
- After accepting Islam he donated all his stock and 40000 dirhams to Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) for the spread of Islam.
- He used to buy slaves and set them free.
- After the death of Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) he became the first caliph and ruled for two and a half years.
- He died on 22nd Jamadi us sani and was buried in Masjid e Nabvi on the right side of Prophet Muhammad (PBUH).

Sample questions:
1. What kind of person was Hazrat Abu Bakr (R.A)?
2. Give a brief history of Hazrat Abu Bakr’s (R.A) life?

March

The events in the life of Hazrat Muhammad (PBUH) before Prophethood: Unit 4 (2) Pages: 34-38
- Before the advent of Islam people of Arabia were caught up in all kinds of evil actions.
- Muhammad (PBUH) was sent by Allah as a Prophet to spread good and stop evil.
- Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) learned trade from his uncle Hazrat Abu Talib.
- War of Fujjar broke out between the tribes of Quraish and Qais.
- First peace treaty (Hulf al Fazool) signed.
- Rebuilding of Kaaba.
- Fixing of Black stone Hajr e Aswad.
- Marriage to Hazrat Khadija (R.A).
Sample questions:
1. What was Hulf al Fazool and what did it mean?
2. How did Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) solve the dispute of fixing Hajr e Aswad?

Activity:
- Students will be asked to write brief note on Hazrat Khadija (R.A) and Hazrat Abu Talib (R.A).

Story of birds and elephants: (Handout)
- Khana e Kaaba is the first house of Allah built by Hazrat Ibrahim (A.S) and his son.
- Abraha decided to attack Khana e Kaaba and destroy it.
- He gathered an army of hundreds of forces and elephants.
- Guardians of Kaaba prayed to Allah for help and to protect his house.
- Allah sent flock of birds with tiny stone in their beaks and claws.
- Birds flew over Abraha’s army and dropped those stones. This injured and frightened the huge animals they rushed back towards their own army killing their own soldiers.
- Allah saved His house and after this Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) was born.

Sample questions:
1. How did Allah save His house?
2. Who wanted to destroy the Kaaba and why?
3. Who built the Khana e Kaaba?

April
Revision for Final Year Examination

May
Final Year Examination